TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 4, 1852. Ar Office on Pennsylvania avenue, south

streets.

A VALUABLE WEEKLY PAPER! We shall at an early day commence the publication THE WEEKLY AMERICAN TELEGRAPH. It will be

large and well-printed sheet, comprising all the desirable matter of the Daily American Telegraph. RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. One copy, one year, in advance ... Five copies, and not exceeding Ten. 1.25 Ten copies, and not exceeding Fifteen. 

either of the above clubs, and forwards the money, Persons forming clubs, or sending single subscribers, will be careful to write the name, post office, county, and State, in a plain hand, and enclose the subscription list, with the money, in a letter, (which may be sent at our risk and expense.) On the receipt of the letter, the money will be ac knowledged by return of mail.

SEE FIRST, THIRD, AND FOURTH PAGES.

#### Congress To-day.

SENATE.-Resolutions having been received from the House, announcing the death of the Hon. Charles Andrews, late a member from the State of Maine.

Mr. HAMLIN delivered an eloquent eulogy on the character of the deceased. Mr. BRADBURY, of the same State, likewise

spoke a few words upon the same subject; when The resolutions were agreed to, And the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES .- Mr. McDonald announced the death of his colleague, the Hon. CHARLES ANDREWS, of Maine, which took place at Paris Hill, in that State, on Friday last.

He pronounced an eloquent eulogium on the deceased, and, in conclusion, offered the usual resolutions of condolence and respect, which were adopted: and, as a further mark of respect, the House adjourned.

#### Parties and Candidates.

Violently as General Scott has been denounced by the friends of other Whig candidates for the Presidency, we have yet to witness the first instance in which any of his friends have assailed or disparaged either of his competitors for that nomination. Determined to go into the Convention in good faith, and in good faith to abide by its decision, they carefully abstain from such a course; while the partisans of other candidates appear by no means unwilling to deprive themselves of the power of giving aid to Gen. Scott, in the event of his being the nominee.

It may be remarked also that, while the friends of Gen. Scott are not only sanguine, but confident, of success with him as their leader, the friends of other gentlemen are seldom willing to declare themselves even hopeful of such fortunes. We have heard the remark more than once made by them, that they would rather be defeated with a certain favorite candidate, than successful in the support of any other-the English of which of course is, that, if they cannot control the Whig party, they desire the success of the Democrats!

We were at first not greatly surprised at such manifestations, knowing the tenacity with which just and good men adhere to the friends of their choice, and knowing, too, that to retain present places and to grasp immediate favors are strong temptations even to men who are not greatly prone to covetousness or other evil passions. But this thing is going too far. If gentlemen

profess to be Whigs, good and true, their actions must show it. They must not place themselves without the ranks of the Whig army, making the enough to do it. only possible condition of their return to it as friends and faithful soldiers dependant upon the members of Congress who bolted from the Whig omination of the men of their individual preference; nor will it do for them longer to forge the less justifiable we think it. Why could and fabricate the missiles that the common enemy | they not patiently wait and see what the National are to hurl against them in the hour of deadly conflict.

The number of those who thus talk and act is small, to be sure, and still "growing small by undone what ought to be done-it will then be degrees and beautifully less;" but it is large enough to produce a wrong impression on the minds of those who are not correctly informed; and it is therefore now earnestly hoped that this conduct will cease, or that gentlemen will assume such attitudes as will make apparent to the world that they are enemies, and hence impotent for evil, rather than friends, capable of producing internal discord, strife, and ruin.

## Mr. Clay.

On Friday night last a decidedly unfavorable change occurred in the disease of this distinguished gentleman, and he continued very low till yesterday, when he slightly revived. But he has now relapsed again.

Until to-day he has sat up a little while in each day; but his strength is failing. He may survive yet several days, but, from what we can learn, certainly not longer than to the end of this week.

sent to him by some friend in Philadelphia, was brought by Adams's Express at noon, and Mr. Calvert, ever prompt and ready to contribute to the comfort of his friend and guest, at once, with his own hands, placed it quietly within the cham-her of Mr. Clay, and put it in order for his re-Congress to disturb it; and if Congress will only

## Alvarado Hunter.

With heartfelt pleasure we yesterday chronicled the fact of the passage through both branches of Congress of the bill for the relief of Lieutenant Charles G., otherwise known as Alvarado Hunter. This worthy gentleman and accomplished naval officer-"the soul of honor and the rose of chivalry"-in the late war with Mexico acquired renown for himself and glory for his country.

We cannot but rejoice in the equitable decision of the national legislature in the case of the chivalrous Alvarado. A noble descendant of the "Jersey Blues," he is destined, should an occasion offer, to acquire new laurels under the "stars tute a "finality," they never will. and stripes" of his country.

# The National Medical Convention.

We understand that the following gentlemen, having been appointed by the Medical Society of the District of Columbia and the Medical Colleges of our city, left the city yesterday for Richmond, to represent the Medical Faculty in the National Medical Convention, viz: Dr. Young, Dr. Stone, Dr. Morgan, Dr. Garnet, and Dr. Boyle. Among the subjects likely to come up before this body is the project of separating the teaching and the graduating of medical students. The present usage is very defective, and the profession will unquestionably be elevated by the proposed reform.

The Whig Congressional Caucus.

We confess that when a small party of gentle nen bolted from this body apparently writhing under the anguish of outraged sensibilities, we felt concerned alike for them and the many sympathizing friends at their respective homes to whom they would communicate the burden of their griefs, and sorrows, and indignation. But side, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth we find that so much of our sympathy as related to the constituents of these gentlemen was misplaced. They do not partake of the sorrows of their Representatives, not even in the slightest degree. On the contrary, the newspapers of the South and Southwest come up to us daily filled with regrets for the course of action pursued by them, and protestations against any such usurpations by a Congressional caucus as they had meditated and urged upon it.

We have heretofore made several quotations from the papers of the districts alluded to, bearing testimony to the facts here stated; and we now propose to submit another of like tenor. It is from the pen of a sound politician, an accomplished writer, a true wit, and a true Whig. We trust our friends of bolting notoriety will read what he has written for their enlightenment, and be instructed and influenced thereby. We quote from the Louisville Journal:

THE WHIG CONGRESSIONAL CAUCUS .- Thos men who succeed best in this life always attend to their own business strictly, and leave the business of other persons to be attended to by those who are most nearly concerned. We never knew one that was anxious to attend to the business o his neighbor who did not neglect his own. Inter meddlers and busybodies are nuisances where

When it was proposed that the Whigs in Con gress should designate a day and place for the meeting of the Whig National Convention, no one for a moment supposed that they would under take to do anything beyond that. No one expected that they were going to adopt resolutions in relation to a national bank, tariff, public lands, the resolutions of '98, or any other subject. If the Whigs in Congress wish to adopt any such resolutions, they can do it for themselves. Nobody will thank them for doing it for anybody else. The Whigs of the country expect, through their delegates, to nominate a Presidential candidate, and then they expect to elect him. Thus much they are able to do for themselves. Moreover, if they see fit to say anything in relation to the Compro mise in their National Convention they will do so and if the Whigs in Congress wish to record their fidelity to the Compromise, they can adopt resolutions to that effect also.

We see no reason why any Whig members of Congress should be unwilling to refer all questions which concern the National Convention to that body. Do they suppose that they have got such a monopoly of the wisdom of the country that no Whig Convention can act discreetly unless they interpose their surplus sense to save such convention from folly? As the Whig party is perfectly willing to entrust the nomination of a candidate to a National Convention, it is also perfectly willing to suffer that convention to pursue that course which, on a full survey of the Presidential field, it may see fit to pursue.

We see no reason why either the wisdom or the integrity of the Whig National Convention shall be doubted in advance of its meeting. The people do not design to send fools and fanatics to that body, and hence it is only reasonable to sup pose its members will be able to discharge their duty faithfully to the Whig party and to the country without any dictation from any Whig members of Congress. Had the Whig caucus adopted fifty resolutions in favor of the Compromise measures, who would be bound by those resolutions but the members of the caucus They cannot bind the members of the Nationa Convention, and it looks very much like presump-tion in them to undertake to do so. If, when the National Convention assembles, the members find that they have not got sense and patriotism enough to determine what they ought to do they can send a telegraphic despatch to Washington to that effect, and receive a consignment of sense, fresh and sparkling, from that fountain of perennial wisdom without any great delay. It to be hoped, however, that the gentlemen who there meet together may have sense enough to understand what ought to be done, and firmness

The more we reflect on the conduct of those caucus because the majority were not willing to you will soon see another and a different spirit undertake to dictate to the National Convention Convention will do, before making such a display of tremendous patriotism and Whigism? If the National Convention act in an outrageous manner-if it do what it ought not to do, or leave time for gentlemen of exhausted stocks of Whigism to march out of the party.

We do not think it appears very clearly that the Whigs who bolted from the caucus are any better Whigs than they who remained. When we remember what the course of some of these gen tlemen has hitherto been, we are quite unwilling to take the color of our politics from them. The have not given so many hostages to fidelity and constancy as some others have given. One of them was, and we believe continues to be, tho roughly opposed to the Compromise, and vet he was so shocked that the Whig caucus would not adopt a resolution opposed to his own doctrines that he indignantly withdrew bimself? Isn't he a Oughtn't he to get himself stereotyped that the country may have the benefit of several editions of himself at a small cost? Should he not be petrified and put in the museum of the Smithsonian Institution, to convey to posterity, through all the generations that are to come, th port and look of an immaculate Whig of the nine-

teenth century? The "retiring Whigs" assume that their object A most magnificent low rosewood bedstead, is to hush up all sectional discord—to put an end to all slavery agitation. Their recipe for peace is the sword—their cure for strife is an excite ment of evil passions.

From the frequency with which the Compro mise is invoked, a person might infer that the let it alone, it must be safe. No President, how ever devoted to secession or abolitionism, car then affect its stability. It is a "finality," and everybody, save a few malcontents North and South, is willing thus to regard it. The Northern Freesoil Whigs have acquiesced in it and are willing to abide by it; but as it was rather bitter for them to swallow two years ago, they see no reason why they should be called on to repeat the swallowing process every week or so. The agitation of the Compromise measures has not proceeded from Northern Whigs. They are willing to sustain each and every one of those measures. Foote, Fitch, and Jackson-all Democratsintroduced resolutions in Congress disturbing the country's repose. If the Compromise measures are not now irreversible law, we don't see how they can become so. If they do not now consti-

The Southern Democrats very generally struggled against the Compromise measures. They were far more generally opposed to them than were the Whigs of any section. Would it be considered either politic or polite to require those Southern Democrats who have acquiesced in the decision of the country in favor of those measures to swear by them every few days? They tell you they are willing to regard the Compromise as a finality, and so even the most Freesoilish of the Whigs tell you; then why not accept their acquiescence and give them repose? Why revive all their old opposition by incessantly requiring them to say what is not agreeable to them? If the Whig National Convention, which is to

neet at Baltimore on the 16th of June, nominate a candidate for the Presidency who shall not be known to be a staunch friend of the Compromise, we shall decline supporting him, and so will the

Whig party generally of the South. We presume the Northern Whigs know this and have

it all along.

Who Heard Hunter Speak, and What Did Hunter Say 19 We call the attention of Congress, and the country, and the heads of the executive departments, to the remarks of Senator Hunter upon the subject of a reorganization of the Departments, and the equalization of the salaries of clerks upon a more just and equitable footing. We have again and again adverted to this subject, as forming not only a legitimate subject of legislation, but one which pressingly demands the consideration of Congress; and we are happy when we find a statesman of sufficient boldness, independence, humanity, and justice speaking out openly and nonestly for the right, rising above mere party considerations, and looking to the good of the country as well as to the well-being of those important agents of the government. Why the heads of departments have not responded to the resolution of the Senator we cannot, of course, pretend to say; but now that he again calls for the necessary data to enable Congress to legislate intelligently upon the subject, we trust there will be no further unnecessary procrastination on their part.

" Who heard Hunter speak, and what did Hunter say ?" are questions placarded upon the corners of our streets, and re-echoed in our private circles; yet no one has seen fit to gratify public or private curiosity by responding thereto. But they related to some other Hunter. Senator Hunter has spoken; and as we have waited thus long-now almost three weeks-for some other friend of that gentleman to enlighten the country respecting what he has said, we subjoin, for that purpose, a portion of his speech concerning this great and ecessary work of reform. After speaking of the confusion in the Third Auditor's office, and want of accuracy in the Quartermasters' accounts, arising from a want of efficiency, in part, of a portion of the force in his department, and in part from the fact that his clerical force is too small, he continues :

"But why is it that these quartermasters' acounts are in arrears in the Third Auditor's ofice since the year 1847? I know that Auditor to be an honest, industrious, hard-working man, nd that he found the accounts in arrears when he came in, and has not had force enough since o enable him to bring them up. He told me hat it was useless to give him any additional force, unless he could have that kind of experience which was required to make out these acounts. How can we know what force to add, or where to add it, unless we have some assistance from the executive department? It is now more han a year since the Senate, on my motion, ordered a call upon the Executive to present some plan for equalizing the salaries in the same grade of service, and for reorganizing the clerks in the several departments, for the making the force more efficient; and up to this day we have had no answer to the call, although these facts and others were staring them in the

"I know something about the clerks in the executive departments. Some of them, I know, have genius, and talent, and character enough to fill any post in those departments, from the highest to the lowest. I know that incompetent and idle men are also to be found there-men who incumber the departments and live as useless pensioners upon government. Good men are laboring there, toiling sometimes by night as well as by day, under the heart-sickening consciousness that no degree of merit can insure them promotion, or always preserve the places which they already fill, but that idle and incompetent men may be placed over them merely because they can command more political influence. If these departments were reorganized—if their modes of transacting business were more systematized, and the machinery so adjusted as to show by its working both the competent and incompe-tent hands which it employed—and, above all, if this organization held out a proper prospect of reward and promotion to merit—the public business would be better performed, and by fewer persons, and at less expense.

"Sir, let the clerks once know that merit will be rewarded, and that idleness will be punished, and animating them. There is talent enough in these departments, if they were properly organized, to make them such models of business establishments as any Secretary who presided over them might well contemplate with pride and pleasure. But, sir, to effect this desirable end these departments must be so organized as to do justice; the employés must know, as every American citizen in any other occupation knows, that the road to promotion is open to them, if they are industrious and honest and capable; and that if worthless and incompetent, they must leave the places for better men to supply. In doing this we would not only insure, at less than the present cost, much more efficient service, but we should elevate the character and respectability, and increase the happiness of the corps of clerks themselves; and I submit if this be any small object? Is not a corps of efficient and experienced clerks as essential to the good government of our country as an army or a navy? And yet, sir, notwithstanding these circumstances, which appeal so strongly not only to the sense of policy, but to the humanity of those who administer the government, the call to which I have referred has been slumbering in the executive epartments for more than a year, and no answer has been given to it as yet. Sir, surely the condition of these departments calls for some amendment and reform. The Third Auditor requires some additional force, and we ought to give him force enough to settle the current accounts promptly as they come in, and to bring up the old arrearages of accounts as rapidly as can well be done. It is a shame that with an overflowing treasury we cannot state what is its true condition, or settle promptly the accounts of our pub-lic servants! What is so likely to demoralize the public service as the want of strict and prompt accountability on the part of the agents of government?"

## Why Don't He Speak?

"Ion" this morning again manifests his desire to hear General Scott speak; and "Observer," in the Philadelphia Ledger, who, we believe, is identical with "X.," in the Baltimore Sun, is willing to take Mr. Crittenden instead of General Scott, if he can't get Mr. Fillmore or Mr. Webster. Oh, how solicitous our adversaries are for our welfare!

A SUBSTANTIAL PLATFORM .- We learn that the ommittee of arrangements for the reception of the National Democratic Convention have ordered. direct from the Hermitage, twenty thousand feet of prime hickory boards, for the construction of the PLATFORM upon which the Convention is to hold its deliberations.—Balt. Argus.

So! you have no living heroes on whom to depend, and turn, as an only resort, to the shades of the departed. Be it so; call spirits from the vasty deep. All will not do. The course of the greatest of living heroes is onward and upward.

Both Col. Doniphan, the Whig, and Gen. Price. the Democratic candidate for Governor of Missouri, figured in New Mexico during the war. Col. Doniphan led the famous expedition from Santa Fe into Old Mexico, which inured greatly to his glory; and Gen. Price was subsequently military governor of the Territory.

[Pennsylvanian. We have heard it rumored that Col. Doniphan has determined to decline the contest.

Fire. At half-past six o'clock this morning, the twoand-a-half story brick dwelling, owned and occupied by Mrs. Glover, on Tenth street, between D and E, caught fire from a neighboring chimney. The roof and commodious garret were destroyed, and the second story was much injured. The furniture was saved, though, of course, consider-

ably damaged. There was no insurance.

Some fine specimens of bronze castings, from lassic models, are on exhibition at Messrs. Taylor & Maury's.

Dewey's Lectures. The tenth lecture of the course will be delivered

this evening. Box Joseph Clementson, a sprightly boy engaged in selling this paper through the city, had his elbow badly fractured by a fall while playing n the streets on Saturday evening last. Dr. Stone, eminently kind and humane as he is intelligent and skilful, reduced the fracture, and

What a ridiculous degree of importance s attached to theatricals and theatrical gossip and scandal in New York and Boston!

has given to the poor little fellow every possible

Washington Light Infantry.—A monthly meet-g of the Corps will be held on this (Monday) evening, at g of the Cor g o'clock. may 3—1t s (Monday) evening, BENJ. F. BEERS.

Dr. Dewey's Tenth Lecture on Tuesday evening May 4, at 8 o'clock. Subject: Historic Problems; Polyti ism and Idolatry; Despotism; War; Subjection of Man Man; The Prevalence of Error. may 1

82- Gen. R. C. WEIGHTMAN is annou

SILAS H. HILL, esq., is announced as

MANY VOTERS.

43 JOHN W. MAURY, esq., is announced as candidate for Mayor at the coming election. [ap 21—te

THE MAYORALTY.

THE MAYORALTY.

JOHN W. MAURY is announced as a candidate for the Mayoralty at the ensuing election in June."

MANY CITIZENS.

In making the above announcement, it is deemed proper to say that a large number of citizens of all parties, from the several Wards of the city, addressed to Mr. Maury a few days ago a communication expressing their wish to present his name to his fellow-citizens as a candidate for the Mayoralty at the ensuing election, independent of all questions connected with the politics of the day, and solely in consideration of his long and useful services in the Councils, and of his fitness for the place.

To this communication the following reply has been received:

ceived:

"I have received your communication. Whatever might have been my personal wishes on the subject, it would have been difficult for me to resist the friendly call you have made upon me; but, agreeing as I do entirely with all that you have said as to the inexpediency of bringing national politics into our city elections, I most cheerfully place my name at your disposal as a candidate for the Mayoralty at "JOHN W. MAURY."

49 Gen. R. C. WEIGHTMAN is announced

THE MAYORALTY.

As the friends of other candidates for this office are already active in their behalf, I desire to present the name of the present incumbent, WALTER LENOX, esq., for re-election. It is to be expected that personal preference will, to some extent, govern the choice of many, but before the community generally, honest and discerning in its decision, is not the proper question, "What is the public interest?" It must be admitted by every reflecting citizen that sudden and uncalled-for change is not only unjust to the officer, but to the public interest. It takes away the personal motive and ambition which induce the faithful performance of duty, and loses to the public the benefit of official experience. If the present incumbent has discharged the duties of the office with ability and zeal, and can herefre bring to it the advantage of practical experience, I trust that the people of Washington will not use the elective franchise to their own injury and the injustice of a public officer. ap 29—tf

AT ALDERMAN for the Second Ward. ALDERMAN for the Second Ward.—
To secure the services of a gentleman eminently qualified for that enlightened and liberal legislation so essentially ne cessary to meet the present exigencies of a rapidly-increasing population, provide for the future prosperity and greatness of our city, and check a tendency to fanatical extremes, nominate Mr. JOSEPH WIMSATT for the Board of Aldermen, from the Second Ward, at the approaching election is June next, and earnestly hope that the citizens of the Ward will lay aside all political and personal prejudices and preferences, and go for the public welfare, by giving him their united support. MANY VOTERS

THIRD WARD. 45- CHARLES P. WANNALL, esq., is nounced as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen from the Third Ward at the ensuing election, in June.

MANY CITIZENS.

AF Mr. D. A. MELHORN is announced as candidate for the Common Council from the Second Ward; and, on account of his energy of character and practical experience in the business affairs of our city, will be sup-ported by MANY VOTERS.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I crave a small space of your spirited columns to express my sentiments upon er which seems to demand a public and a severe cas a matter which seems to demand a public and a severe castigation. A few evenings since certain gentiemen of the audience at the "National Theatre" were heard to speak louder than the accomplished Mr. H. C. Jordan deemed proper, whereupon that promising young buffoon advanced to the footlights, in a most impudent manner, and, denouncing a portion of the audience as BLACEGUARDS, called upon the stool-pigeon police of this city to thrust them out. I merely notice this as one among the many instances of impertinent and impudent outrages played off upon the very amiable and tolerant houses that nightly assemble at this Theatre. As to what constitutes a gentleman, this is a question which I think should not be left to the judgment of a stage fool or a skulking policeman. skulking policeman. may 4—1t\*

By JAMES C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer.

By JAMES C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Household Furniture, &c.—On Thursday, May 6th, at 10 c'clock, I shall sell, at the residence of the late George M. Phillips, on F streat, between 13th and 14th, an assortment of good Household Furniture, consisting of—Rosewood Piano (nearly new) by J. & C. Fischer Walnut carved Tete-a-tete Sofa, Lounge Walnut and painted cane-seat Chairs and Rockers Arm-chair, damask covering; Window Shades Mahogany Dining and Center Tables, Ottomans Solar and Mantel Lamps, gilt-framed Mirror Set handsome silvered Girandoles, Rout Table Papier-mache inlaid Ladies' furnished Work Table Brussels three-ply and ingrain Carpets Stair Carpet and Rods, Passage Oil Cloth Passage Lamp, Mahogany Wardrobe Mahogany French Bedstead, Washstands and Sets High, low-post, and Trundle Bedsteads Dressing and Plain Bureaus, Easy Chair Feather Beds, Hair and Shuck Mattresses An assortment of good Bedding, Looking-glasses Walnut Bureau and Writing-desk, Book-shelves Fire Sets, Air-tight Stoves, Fire-boards Chamber curtains, Shower-bath Excellent Cooking Stove, together with a variety of Kitchen Utensils.

Kitchen Utensils.

Also, sundry articles of Office Furniture, viz.: Deaks, Tables, Arm-chairs, Clock, Folding Screen, Books, &c.

Terms: \$30, and under, cash; over \$30, sixty and ninety days credit, for notes satisfactorily endorsed, bearing interest. By order of

J. F. CALLAN, Trustee,
may 4—2t

JAS. C. McGUIRE, Auct.

PECTACLES FOUND .- They are no great ST. LOUIS BONDS WANTED, at the BANK OF THE UNION, Browns Marble Buildin

METROPOLIS BUILDING ASSOCIATION. THE annual meeting of this Association, for the election of officers, &c., will be held at Temperance Hall, I street, on Wednesday evening, the 5th instant, at 8 o'clock A full attendance of the stockholders is important, as seven

TAKE NOTICE!

THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL OONGRESS is an assembly of delegates chosen in conformity with a constitution adopted by a national convention of reformers in the year 1845. They invite all trades and associations of useful workers to call meetings and send delegates to represent them in the Seventh Annual Industrial Congress that will meet in Washington city the first Wednesday in June, continuing its session seven days or more. A society numbering from five to fifty members is entitled to one representative, and one additional representative for every additional fifty members: provided they are in favor of land limitation, homestead exemption, and freedom of the public lands, by a foundation ultimate and synthetic.

MEFORMER. THE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS is an o

## PLANK ROAD MEETING

THE Stockholders of the Washington and Rockyille Plank Road are requested to meet at Temperance Hall, E street, on Tuesday, the 4th of May, at 5 o'clock, p. m. Punetual attendance is requested, as business of great importance will be submitted to the meeting.

LOR SALE-A large lot of superior ICE, well secured in a house. A good opportunity to realize three or four hundred dollars. Apply to E. H. Fuller, by letter, or at his house, near the Observatory.

may 3—20\*

#### City Ordinances.

AN ACT making an appropriation for certain impro-ments at the Northern Market.

ments at the Northern Market.

Be it enacted by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the City of Walkington, That for the pursoes of making improvements at the Northern Market the following sums be and they are hereby appropriated, viz: For the mecessary paying on the outside of the addition to the market, ninety-five dollars;
For repairs to window-shutters, fifteen dollars;
For extending payement, curbing, and guttering from the centre building of the market south, one hundred and fifty follars.

onars.

For gravelling and repairing the square around the manet, fifty dollars. et, fifty dollars.
Said money to be paid out of the general fund, or so much hereof as may be necessary.

SILAS H. HILL.

President of the Board of Common Council

B. B. FRENCH,

President of the Board of Aldermen.

Approved, April 23, 1852. SILAS H. HILL.

WALTER LENOX, Mayor AN ACT imposing taxes for the year eighteen hundred and

He it enacted, dc., That there be and is hereby imposed and laid for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-two, a tax at the rate of seventy-five cents on every hundred dollars of the assessed value of all real and personal property in the city of Washington, of all stocks which may be owned and possessed by any person whatever in any banking, insurance, or incorporated or unincorporated company in said city; of all bonds and mortgages; of all stocks of all kinds; of all public and private securities; and of every description of property in said city, or which may be owned or held by the inhabitants thereof, according to the assessment and valuation of the same, as made and returned by the Board of Assessors, the said tax to be levied and collected as is provided by law.

of Assessors, the said tax to be levied and collected as is provided by law.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted. That it shall be the duty of the Collector of Taxes to deposite to the credit of the general fund all money which may be received by him for taxes on all stocks which may be owned and possessed by any person whatever in any banking, insurance, or other incorporated or unincorporated company in the city of Washington, under the first section of this act; the money received by him for taxes on all other taxable property to be deposited to the credit of the Wards respectively in which it may be collected.

sected.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That there be and is hereby imposed and laid, for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-two, a tax at the rate of seventy-five cents on every hundred dollars of the assessed amount of capital employed in the business of all private bankers, brokers, and money-lenders in this city, according to the assessment and return of the same by the Board of Assessors; the said tax to be due and payable, and to be levied and collected, as the taxes imposed by the first section of this act are due and payable and levied and collected. And if any person or persons engaged in the business or employment of private banker, broker, or money-lender, shall fail or refuse to pay the tax which may be due from him or them under this section, within thirty days after the same shall have become due and payable, the person or persons so failing or refusing shall forfeit and pay to this Corporation a fine of not exceeding ten dollars for each and every day he or they may so fail or refuse to pay said tax; to be recovered and applied as other flues of this Corporation are recovered and applied.

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Collector of Taxes to deposite to the credit of the general fund all money which may be received by him for the taxes. ected.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That there be and is hereby in sosed and laid, for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-two

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Collector of Taxes to deposite to the credit of the general fund all money which may be received by him for the tax imposed by the third section of this act.

Sec. 5. And be it enacted, That the tax imposed by the imposed by the tank.

Sec. 5. And be it enacted, That the tax imposed by
third section of this act on the assessed amount of capital in
the business of all private bankers, brokers, and moneylenders is hereby declared to be in lieu of any license or
other tax on the business of all such private bankers, brokers, and money-lenders, as may pay the said tax; and all
acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this cts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this ct be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 0. And be it further enacted, That no part of this act hall be so construed as to impose a tax on the stock issued

JOINT RESOLUTION instructing the committee having charge of the interests of this Corporation before Congress to apply for additional powers to this Corporation.

Resolved, &c., That the committee having charge of the interests of this Corporation before Congress is hereby instructed to apply to Congress to give to this Corporation:

Additional powers in relation to curbing and paving the feotways of streets and avenues, and the paving of the carriage ways thereof; also, as to the sewerage and drainage and lighting of this city;

Power to open alleys into all squares where the Board of Health may determine that the health of the city requires it, and power to dispose of the ground occupied by alleys which may be closed, in pursuance of law, in such manner as this Corporation may deem expedient;

Power to establish Mayor, Magistrates, or other Courts, and to define the powers thereof, and to ask for a general entargement of the police powers of this Corporation;

Power to establish Houses of Refuge or Correction for juvanile offenders, with complete powers in respect to the support and government of the same; and

Additional power in relation to the levying and collecting of taxes, within the rates of taxation limited by the present charter.

Approved, April 24, 1852. JOINT RESOLUTION instructing the committee having

arter. Approved, April 24, 1852.

#### National Theatre.

Mr. E. A. MARSHALL...

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, May 4, will be performed the celebrated play, in five acts, entitled LOVE'S SACRIFICE; or, THE RIVAL MERCHANTS. Margaret Elmore, Miss E. Logan, Herminie de Vermont, Miss Cella Logan. To conclude with the admirable farce entitled STATE SECRETS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION Private Boxes \$5; Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cents Reserved seats 75 cents; Orchestra seats 75 cents; Family Circle 25 cts.; Third Tier 50 cts.; Colored Gallery 25 cts.

FOR SALE-Two bay horses, 15% hands high; they are kind and gentle in either single or double har-less, and are both good saddle horses; one of them is a ast trotter. They will be warranted sound, and sold sepa-

Also, for sale, a light-top wagon, with shafts and pole, For terms, and view or trial of the horses, apply at the office of Watson & Renwick, corner of 8th and F. streets, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. may 3—1w\*

WANTED—Immediately, two or three Pantaloo hands. None need apply but the very best workmen, as the best prices are given by

G. W. HINTON,

may 3—31\* Penna, av., bet. 4½ and 6th streets.

## TABLE LINENS, &c.

20 PIECES very superior Table Damask 75 dozen Napkins
100 dozen Towels
50 dozen Brasia Diapers—and in fact everything be
longing to the Linen department, the whole of which will be
sold at low prices, at
Penns. av., bet. 7th and 8th sts.

JUST RECEIVED, 600 kegs best quality Avaion

Nails, of all sizes, fresh from the factory, which will be sold unusually low for eash.

Also, a fine supply of everything usually found in the Hardware line very cheap.

C. WOODWARD, may 1—3t

Penns. av., bet. 10th and 11th sts.

BEREGE DE LAINES, ONLY 121/2 CENTS! 50 PIECES Berege de Laines this day received, by Adams & Co.'s Express, at 1214 cents.
30 pieces herege de Laines at 1834 do
25 do do 25 do.
10 do do 3734 do.

25 do. 3734 do. YERBY & MILLER, Between 7th and 8th streets, Penn. avenue, Opposite Centre Market may 1—1m BEREGES, VERY CHEAP.

30 PIECES Bereges at 25 cents; 50 do., embracing the fine and best styles.

YERBY & MILLER, Between 7th and 8th streets, Penn. avenue, m Opposite Centre Market.

LAWNS, VERY CHEAP. 100 PIECES, this day received, at 12½ cts. per yard.
50 pieces fine qualities and good styles.
YERBY & MILLER,

Between 7th and 8th streets, Opposite Centre Market. MAY BALL!

R. LABBE has the honor to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria that his MAY BALL will take place at JACKSON HALL on Tuesday, 11th instant. FRESH NEW YORK BUTTER.

HAVE this day received from New York, per Adams's Express, a lot of superior FRESH BUTTER—a part of which I shall offer for sale at my Stalls, Nos. 53 and 54, Centre Market, on Saturday morning.

A fresh supply will be received weekly.

ap 29—6t\*

GEO. M. OYSTER.

AMBER TUCK COMBS, JEWELRY, &c. A N assortment of the above articles just opened at MRS. COLLISON'S, Sixth street. in 30—tr [Sat. News.]

BONNET GIMPS also just received.

NEW GOODS, FRESH SUPPLIES. McLAIN & HARRY will open this day another supply of cheap and desirable Dry Goods, consisting of Bereges, Berege de Laines, Lawns, Ginghama, Calicoes, Musins, Sheetings, &c. Also, Parasols, Kid Gloves, Ribbons, White Crape Shawls, Embroidered Handkerchieß, Bands, Insertings, &c.; to which they would invite the particular attention of the ladies and public generally. Call early, as we have some extra bargains to offer.

McLAIN & HARRY,

ap 30-d2w [Int] OPENING TO-DAY!

McLAIN & HARRY,

MRS. COLLISON informs the ladies that she will open to-day her PATTERN BONNETS for the season, and invites their attention to the entirely new styles she will exhibit, at her Millimery and Fancy Store,

ap 30—tr [Sat, News.] ONE MORE!

ONE MORE!

ONE MORE GRAND PRIZE CONCERT will take place at Odd-Fellows Hall, on Thursday evening, May did. 1852, when FORTY SUPERB PRIZES will be distributed. Prizes can be seen at Keyworth & Co.'s Jewelry Store, where tickets may be had, and at the door of the Hall. 1837 Tickets 50 cents. 1839 ap. 1849.

LAND WARRANTS BOUGHT and SOLD at the BANK OF THE UNION BANK OF THE UNION, Browns' Marble Building. ar 25—tf [News.]

MARRIED.

On the lat instant, by the Rev. J.N. W. HEDGES, Mr. THOMAS BURKE, of this city, and Miss CATHARINE GRADY, of Georgetown.

DIED.

On the 1st instant, GEORGE MARTIN PHILLIPS, esq., of this city, formerly of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, aged about thirty-eight years.
On the 3d instant, THOMAS HOWARD, son of SAMUEL and Mary Ann Bacon, aged three years and three months. In this city, on the 2d instant, JULIA MONTGOMERY, daughter of Andrew Foster, eag., of Lawrence, Massachu-setts, aged fourteen months and five days.

ALL PAIN CURER!

ALL PAIN CURED LIKE MAGIO!—This wonderful preparation is used internally and externally, giving immediate relief from all bodily pains.

If used according to directions, it not only relieves all pain, but it cures it usually on the first application. If may be relied upon for curing and giving almost instant

If used according to directions, it not only relieves all pain, but it cures it ususlly on the first application. It may be relied upon for curing and giving almost instant relief, as thousands who have used it can testify, to Rheumatism, Ague, Sudden Colds, Cholera, Dyswatery, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Earache, Toothache, Cholic, and all pain in the Stomach or Bowels, Headache, Pains in the Womb, Pains in the Limbs, Joints, Back, Spine Disease, Lumbago, Sealds, Burns, Chilibiains, Sprains, Bruises, Pimples, and all Chronic Eruptions.

If you wish to be relieved from ALL PAIN, use Dr. Rose's PAIN-CURER.

If you desire to be cured of ALL DISEASES, take his Family Medicines. Price 12½, 25, and 50 cents per bottle.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, and Whooping Cough.

DE PREPARED FOR CHANGE OF WEATHER.—The
frequent changes of the weather bring with it bad
COLDS, COUGH, ASTHMA. IRRITATION of the LUNGS,
SORE THROAT and BRONCHITIS, all of which can be cured, and the system fortified against frequent attacks by using Dr. J. S. ROSE'S Celebrated COUGH SYRUP. Price

using Dr. J. S. RUSE'S Celebrated COURLETANT. Frice only 50 cents.

CHILDREN are also liable to Croup, which dangerous complaint yields immediately to Dr. J. S. Rose's neveraling CROUP SYRUP. Price 20 cents.

WHOOPING COUGH, another complaint, always worse in cold and damp weather. The afflicted will find great relief in the use of Dr. J. S. Rose's WHOOPING COUGH SYRUP, which always relieves, and prevents, the disease from running into other diseases, such as INFLAMMATION of the LUNGS, DROPSY in the CHEST, and CONSUMPTION. Price 50 cents. Dr. Rose's successful treatment in all Lung Affections has created a great demand

nent in all Lung Affections has created a great der for the above highly valuable Family Medicines.

To be had at the Drug Stores of Z. D. Gilman, W. H. Gilman, Z. D. Gilman, Charles Stott & Co. J. F. Callan, Samuel Butt, John W. Nairn, Washington city, D. C.

By C. W. BOTELER, Auctioneer. ALE OF EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD Furniture at Auction.—On Wednesday, May 5th, at 10 o'clock a.m., I shall sell, at the residence of Franklin Gardner, eaq, situated on Eighth street, between G and H streets, all of his Household Furniture, consisting

part of—
Mahogany Sofa, Mahogany Chairs
Mahogany Card and Dining Tables
Mahogany marble-top Centre Table
Solar Lamp and Girandoles, Mahogany Rocker
Parlor, Chamber, and Step Carpeting
Hall Lamp, Hat Rack
Handsome Parlor Gothic Arm-chair
Elegant French Clock, Mantel and Table Ornan
Set of Chieses Terrory Elegant French Clock, Mantel and Tabl Set of Chinese Teapoys Mahogany Dressing and other Bureaus Cane and Wood-seat Chairs Superior Feather Beds and Mattresse Toilet Sets, Wardrobes, Washstands

Looking-Glasses, Dinner Set, Table Cutlery French China Tea Set, Glassware French China Tea Set, Glassware Kitchen Furniture, Cooking Utensils, &c. TERMS: All sums of and under \$30, cash; over \$30 a credit f sixty days for approved endorsed notes, bearing interest. may 3—3t C. W. BOTELEB, Auct.

By ISRAEL & GREEN, Auctioneers. VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION.

On Friday, the 7th May, we shall sell, on the premises, at 5 o'clock p. m., two valuable building Lots, situated in square No. 319, known as part of lots No. 7 and 8, such having a front on 12th street of twenty feet six inches, and running back ninety-five feet deep to a wide alley, between G and H streets north. The attention of persons wishing to purchase building lots for the erection of private dwellings is most respectfully called to the above sale.

Terms: One-fourth cash; balance in six, twelve, eighteen, and twenty-four months, for notes bearing interest. A deed given and a deed of trust taken. All conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser. Title indisputable.

ISRAEL & GREEN, Auctioneers, may 1—6t ALUABLE BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

FINE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and Lot at Auction.—On Wednesday, the 5th of May, I shall sell, in front of the premises, at 5 o'clock p.m., an excellent three-story brick house and lot, fronting 25 feet on Thirteenth street west, between E and F streets north, running back to a thirty-feet alley, having two back buildings, one of which is three stories, it being the house occupied by Mrs. Manning. The house contains twenty good and conveniently-arranged rooms, with wide passages and good cellars.

TEIMS: One-fifth cash; the balance in one, two, three, four, and five years; the purchaser to give notes for the deferred

TERMS: One-fifth cash; the balance in one, two, three, four, and five years; the purchaser to give notes for the deferred payments, bearing interest from the day of sale; interest on the whole of the deferred payments to be paid annually. A deed given and a deed of trust taken. Title indisputable. The attention of gentlemen wishing to make a good investment is respectfully invited to the sale, as it is an important piece of property.

A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

By ISRAEL & GREEN, Auctioneers.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS at Auction.—On Wednesday, the 5th of May, we shall sell, on the premises, at 5 o'clock p. m., nearly all of Square 416, beginning at the southwest corner of said square, and running west to Eighth street 200 feet; thence along Eighth street 97 feet 2 inches; thence due east to Seventh street, and down Seventh street 97 feet 2 inches to place of beginning.

ning. We shall sell in lots to suit purchasers, there being about ten valuable building lots. ten valuable building lots.

The attention of persons wishing to purchase building lots in the northern section of the city is respectfully called to the above sale, as great bargains may be expected.

Terms: One half cash, balance in six and twelve months, for notes bearing interest; a deed given and a deed of taken. Title indisputable, ISRAEL & GREEN

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, until the 15th of the present month, for trimming and gravelling 6th street west, from H to N street north; and also to do the necessary grading (which will not be much) and gravelling of said 6th street west from N to O street north; the gravel to be nine inches deep in the centre, and to hold that depth four feet each side, the full grade to four-and-a-half inches at the gutter line; to be well raked, clear of stone of improper size, and to be rolled well. Proposals to state the price per square yard for gravelling and per cubic yard for grading.

FRAS. B. LORD,

FRAS. B. LORD,
Commissioner 3d and 4th Wards.
MILTON WARD,
WILLIAM HOOVER,

Assistant Commissioners PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, until the 15th of the present month, for grading 5th street west, from New York avenue to Q street north. Proposals to state the price per cubic yard. Notice is given that there will be but one price paid, either for cutting or

FRAS. B. LORD, Commissioner 3d and 4th Wards. WILLIAM GALLANT, JOHN GREAVES, Assistant Commissioners.

NEW BOOKS FOR SALE at Joe Shil-NEW BOOKS FOR SALE at Joe Shillington's Bookstore.—The Knickerbocker
Magazine for May is, without exception, the most original
and interesting publication issued from the press; price reduced to three dollars per annum, or twenty-five cents per
number. With this reduction there is no change in the
form, size, character, or quality of the Magazine.

Journey to Iceland, and Travels in Sweden and Norway.
Clifton, or Modern Fashion.
The Twenty-Fitth of May, or a Cruise in the La Plata.
New Books, Stationery, Newspapers, and everything in
the cheap publication line, for sale at

JOE SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore,
may 3—tr) Odeon Building, oor, of 4/5 st. and Pa. av.

may 3-

CHARLES GERECKE,

IMPORTER OF WINES AND LIQUORS Seventh street, between G and H, HAS just received and for sale— 25 boxes Absinthe 25 boxes Absinthe 25 boxes Curacao de Amsterdam 20 boxes Kirschenwasser

20 boxes Kirschenkesence.
50 boxes Punch Essence.
Also, a large lot of Pure Cider Vinegar, at 11 cents per may 3—3t \$10 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 28th ultimo, a small black boy, between 13 and 14 years of age; has a slight soar on the left cheek; had on when he went away a suit of grey Cassingt clothes, black cloth cap, calls himself Turner; he belongs to J. J. Hoods, in St. Mary's county, Maryland. He formerly lived at Mr. Beale's, on Capitol Hill. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to me in the First Ward, Washington.

K. SUIT,

bet. 19th and 20th sts., Penn. av., north side.

R. SUIT,
may 1—3t\*
bet. 19th and 20th sts., Penn. av., north side.

RICHARDSON'S LINENS. 70 PIECES of best Richardson's Family Linens this day received from importers, and will be sold very cheap. 30 pieces, embracing all the high and fine numbers.

YERBY & MILLER, may 1—lm Opposite Centre Market.

may 1—1m Opposite Centre Market. PROFESSOR BENJAMIN SILLIMAN, jr., will deliver a course of Six Lectures, to commence on the 19th inst., and be continued on the evenings of Monday, Wedneeday, and Friday of each week, at 8 o'elock. Subject: The Four Elements of the Ancient Philosophy—Earth, Air, Water, Fire—considered in view of Modern Science. [ap17—tf] SMITHSONIAN LECTURES.

SCOTT TIES. UST received a case of patent leather and calfakin Scott Tien—a new and beautiful article. Also, Buck-skin and Lasting Gaiters, Fillmore and Monterey Ties. For sale low, for cash, at HARRIS & GRIFFIN'S,

Penn. av., two doors west of Shanks' Iron Building BEST AVALON NAILS, only \$3.25!

A LARGE lot just received and for sale at \$3.26 per ke Also—Locks, Hinges, and Serews, at extremely le prices.

H. LINDSLEY, ap 6—y 1w

Penns. av., bet. 9th and 10th sts.